

	Type	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
1	BRS	L1	3309	common near2 storage\$1	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:35
2	BRS	L2	58	1 same database	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:36
3	BRS	L3	6	2 same identif\$9	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:36
4	BRS	L4	0	3 and lob	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:36
5	BRS	L5	299	1 and database	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:36
6	BRS	L6	271	5 and identif\$9	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:37
7	BRS	L7	10	6 and (lob or large adj object\$1)	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:45
8	IS&R	L8	1	("6105017").PN.	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:49
9	BRS	L9	0	8 and common near storage\$1	USPAT	2002/01/25 10:50
10	BRS	L10	1	8 and storage\$1	USPAT	2002/01/25 11:04
11	BRS	L11	422	common adj1 file\$1 or commond adj storage\$1	USPAT	2002/01/25 14:13
12	BRS	L12	28	11 same database\$1	USPAT	2002/01/25 11:07
13	BRS	L13	2	12 and (large adj object\$1 or lob)	USPAT	2002/01/25 11:05
14	BRS	L14	8	11 same ((identif\$9 or id) near2 information)	USPAT	2002/01/25 11:09
15	BRS	L15	7	11 same ((id or identif\$9) near information)	USPAT	2002/01/25 14:05
16	BRS	L16	10697	shar\$3 near2 (memor\$3 or disk\$1)	USPAT	2002/01/25 14:06
17	BRS	L17	494	16 same (database\$ or db or data adj1	USPAT	2002/01/25 14:07
18	BRS	L18	1	17 same (large adj1 object\$1 or lob\$1 or binary adj1 large adj object\$1 or blob\$1)	USPAT	2002/01/25 14:13

	Type	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
19	BRS	L19	0	11 same (large adj1 object\$1 or lob\$1 or binary adj1 large adj object\$1 or blob\$1)	USPAT	2002/01/2 5 14:14
20	BRS	L20	15	11 and (large adj1 object\$1 or lob\$1 or binary adj1 large adj object\$1 or blob\$1)	USPAT	2002/01/2 5 14:14
21	BRS	L21	15	20 and (id or identif\$9)	USPAT	2002/01/2 5 14:16
22	BRS	L22	14	21 and database\$1	USPAT	2002/01/2 5 14:16

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This is the ref. that shows evidence of official Notice
Share memory in multiple processing

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6330556 B1

TITLE: Data structure partitioning to optimize cache utilization

The handle is an identifier.

BSPR:

Users are demanding increased performance of their applications running on their computers. Computer hardware, including central processing units (CPUs), are becoming increasingly faster. However, their performance is limited by the speed at which data is available to be processed. There are several devices that provide the data. Disk drives, compact disks and other secondary storage devices can store great amounts of data cost effectively, but have great delays in providing data because the physical media on which the data is stored must be moved to a position where it can be read. This type of physical motion requires great amounts of time when compared to the cycle times of processors. The next fastest common data storage device is referred to as random access memory (RAM) which is much faster. However, processor speeds have increased, and even RAM cannot provide data fast enough to keep up with them.

DEPR:

An interface is a group of related functions that are organized into a named unit. Each interface may be uniquely identified by some identifier.

Interfaces have no instantiation, that is, an interface is a definition only without the executable code needed to implement the methods which are specified by the interface. An object may support an interface by providing executable code for the methods specified by the interface. The executable code supplied by the object must comply with the definitions specified by the interface. The object may also provide additional methods. Those skilled in the art will recognize that interfaces are not limited to use in or by an

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5408662 A

TITLE: System for performing a cooperative operation on common data

DEPR:

FIG. 4 is a view showing the structure of notifying data which is transmitted

to the workstation by the common file server when any operation is performed on

the common data. In particular, the notifying data includes information on

notifying information identifier, notifying destination, data ID, notifying

level, operation content, file name, operator and the like.

DEPR:

FIG. 5 is a view showing the structure of information for change of notifying

level information which is transmitted to the common file server by the

notifying level setting unit 10 shown in FIG. 1. In particular, the

information includes information on notifying information identifier, data ID,

user's name, notifying level & operation content, operator and the like. The

notifying level information to be changed is specified by this information and

then the specified notifying level information is changed in accordance with

the content of the items of the notifying level & operation content.